



# ***The Flying Start***

## **Test 1 - answers**

Lesson 1: Why Jesus?  
Subject material: Chapter 1

1. In whose image and likeness was man created?  
→ In the image of God [1.1]
2. What makes man so unique in comparison with animals and what enables him to communicate with God?  
→ Man has a spirit unlike animals. This enables him to communicate with God. [1.1]
3. Describe in one word how the relationship between man and God was disrupted.  
→ Disobedience [1.2]
4. Mention an important difference between the old and the new covenant.  
→ Under the old covenant sins were merely covered by animal sacrifices [1.4].  
However, under the new covenant sins are completely taken away by the perfect and sinless offering of Jesus. All sin has been erased [1.5].
5. How is one reconciled with God?  
→ By faith in Jesus Christ and by accepting Him as Lord and Saviour [1.6]
6. What does it mean to be born again?  
→ To be born again means that you are born of God. [1.6]
7. What is man delivered from when he is born again? And what place is he brought into at that moment?  
→ - Delivered from the power of satan [1.7]  
- Brought into the kingdom of God [1.8]
8. Name five aspect of the redemption by faith in Jesus Christ.  
→ - Righteousness [1.9]  
- Peace [1.9]  
- Eternal life [1.10]  
- Set free from the curse [1.11]  
- Healing of soul and body [1.12]
9. Why is a born again child of God free from the curse?  
→ Because Jesus Christ became for a curse for us by dying on the cross. [1.11]
10. To whom must we give account after our conversion and why?  
→ To Jesus Christ, because He is the King of our lives. [1.14]
11. Where do you belong after you are born again?  
→ You belong in a local church where you can grow and give of yourself. [1.15]





# ***The Flying Start***

## **Test 2 - answers**

Lesson 2: The Peter Package [part 1]  
Subject material: Chapter 2 §2.1-2.8

1. What are the three steps that lead to the complete born-again experience?  
→ - Repentance  
- Water baptism  
- Receiving the Holy Spirit/ baptism in the Holy Spirit [Ch. 2 – introduction]
2. Give another name for these three steps.  
→ The Peter Package [Ch. 2 – introduction]
3. Give three keys concerning repentance.  
→ - Recognition  
- Change of mind/ decision  
- Action [2.2]
4. What is the meaning of *emoena*, the Hebrew word for ‘faith’?  
→ To be certain, to stand firm, unmoveable [2.3]
5. Name the three baptisms  
→ - The baptism of John the Baptist  
- The Christian water baptism  
- The baptism in the Holy Spirit [2.4]
6. Briefly explain the meaning of water baptism.  
→ Water baptism consists of a burial and a resurrection. By being baptised (immersed in water), we are buried into the death of Jesus. This is followed by our resurrection from the dead along with Him, so that we may walk in newness of life upon coming out of the water. [2.5]
7. What condition do you have to meet to qualify for water baptism?  
→ If you turn to faith in Jesus and want to follow Him for the rest of your life, you are ready to be baptised. [2.7]
8. At what age can a child be baptized?  
→ When he understands the Gospel and decides for himself that he wants to be baptized. [2.7]
9. When should you be baptized?  
→ As soon as you believe that Jesus Christ is the Son of God and you decide to follow Him the rest of your life. [2.7]



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## **Test 3 – answers**

Lesson 3: The Peter Package [part 2]  
Subject material: Chapter 2 §2.9-2.16

1. Give at least three reasons why the baptism in the Holy Spirit is so important.  
→ - Power  
- Boldness  
- Gifts of the Spirit  
- Rivers of living water flowing from within us  
- The Holy Spirit is God's seal of ownership.  
- The baptism in the Holy Spirit turns us into a mighty army. [2.11]
2. Which two conditions do you have to meet in order to receive the baptism in the Holy Spirit?  
→ - To thirst (desire) for it  
- To pray for it [2.13]
3. What is the most common way of receiving the baptism in the Spirit?  
→ By the laying up of hands [2.13]
4. What is the most logical sequence for receiving the Spirit: before or after water baptism?  
→ After water baptism [2.13]
5. How do you know if a person has been baptized in the Holy Spirit?  
→ When he speaks in new tongues. [2.13]
6. What are three functions of speaking in tongues.  
→ - Personal edification and intercession  
- Edification of the church  
- Sign for unbelievers [2.15]
7. Why is our tongue so important?  
→ Because the tongue in our body is like the rudder of a ship. [2.16]





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## **Test 4 - answers**

Lesson 4: Eternal life  
Subject material: Chapter 3

1. What do our spirit and soul form together and what does it look like in the spiritual world?  
→ A spiritual body which, in the spiritual world, also looks like our physical body. [3.1]
2. How many resurrections does the believer experience?  
→ Two [3.2]
3. When do these resurrections take place?  
→ The first resurrection is when a person is born again. The second resurrection will happen on the last day, at the coming of the Lord Jesus Christ. [3.2]
4. What will happen when Jesus returns?  
→ At that moment the rapture of the believers will take place. This will happen at the same time as the resurrection from the dead of both the righteous and the unrighteous. [3.3]
5. What is the difference between the judgment of the righteous and the judgment of the unrighteous?  
→ The righteous have eternal life and will not be condemned. They will receive a reward according to their obedience to their calling and according to their lifestyle. [3.5] The unrighteous will be judged according to their works, because they did not seek Christ for their justification. They will be eternally separated from God. [3.6]
6. When will creation be restored?  
→ When the last enemy, death, has been destroyed by Jesus and Death and Hades have been thrown into the lake of fire. [3.7]



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## **Test 5 - answers**

Lesson 5: The Word of God  
Subject material: Chapter 4 §4.1-4.10

1. How many books does the Bible contain?  
→ 66 books [4.1]
2. What does *logos* mean?  
→ *Logos* refers to the Word of God as a whole. That Word is true, has power and is effective when you apply it to your life. [4.1]
3. What does the word *rhema* mean?  
→ *Rhema* refers to the Word of God when the Scriptures speak to someone personally in a very direct way. [4.2]
4. Who is the author of the Bible?  
→ God [4.3]
5. What do we have to do with the Word of God except confessing it?  
→ - Applying the Word of God  
- Using the power of the Word of God [4.5]
6. Why is it so important to confess the Word of God?  
→ Because in doing so faith is activated and the promises become real. [4.5]
7. What happens to us when we hear or read the Word of God?  
→ - We receive faith by hearing. [4.6]  
- The Word cleanses us. [4.7]
8. Give another term for the Word of God.  
→ The sword of the Spirit [4.8]
9. Why does Satan try to steal the Word of God from our hearts?  
→ To prevent the Word from bearing fruit in our lives. [4.9]
10. Mention four 'methods' Satan uses to make the Word of God unfruitful in our lives.  
→ - Taking the Word away as soon as people hear it  
- Trouble and persecution because of the Word  
- Cares of the world  
- Deceitfulness of wealth and desires for other things [4.9]
11. Mention five methods you can receive the Word of God.  
→ Hearing, reading, examining, meditating and memorising. [4.10]



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## **Test 6 - answers**

Lesson 6: Prayer and fasting  
Subject material: Chapter 4 §4.11-4.25

1. Give five key values that the Lord's Prayer teaches us for when we pray.  
→ - To exalt God  
- To pray that the Kingdom of God will come and His will be done  
- To pray for spiritual and material needs  
- To ask for forgiveness and to forgive others  
- To pray for God's protection [4.12]
2. Give two moments in the day that are important times for prayer  
→ When waking up at the beginning of the day and before going to bed [4.14]
3. Give two important conditions connected to prayer.  
→ - Prayer must be in line with God's will (His Word).  
- We ourselves must be in God's will. [4.15]
4. Give five important aspects with regards to our attitude during prayer.  
→ Faith, humility, simplicity, forgiveness and no sinful desires. [4.16]
5. Why is faith so important during prayer?  
→ Because it is impossible to please God without faith. [4.16]
6. What promise is there for praying together in unity?  
→ It will be done for them by God the Father: God answers their prayer. [4.17]
7. In what way is intercession different from regular prayer?  
→ Intercession is intensive prayer for other people or for specific circumstances. [4.18]
8. What is fasting?  
→ Fasting is abstinence from food for spiritual purposes. [4.20]
9. How long according to the Bible is a human being able to fast?  
→ Forty days [4.21]
10. Give three purposes of fasting.  
→ - Humbling yourself before God  
- Receiving God's guidance in your life  
- Breaking down your unbelief [4.22]
11. How does the enemy try to keep us from prayer and fasting?  
→ By discouraging feelings and thoughts [4.23]
12. What do you have to do, when you experience spiritual warfare whilst fasting?  
→ Resist the devil and he will flee. [4.23]





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## **Test 7 - answers**

Lesson 7: Life of worship  
Subject material: Chapter 4 §4.26-4.29

1. Give three important pillars of worship.  
→ Giving thanks, praise and worship [4.26]
2. Giving thanks is...  
→ ...acknowledging God for who He is [4.27]
3. What is the attitude opposite from being thankful?  
→ Being ungrateful [4.27]
4. When and under what circumstances should we give thanks?  
→ Always and in everything [4.27]
5. Praise is  
→ ...exalting God for who He is. [4.28]
6. What happens when we praise God?  
→ Then God's throne is established. [4.28]
7. Worship is...  
→ ...the act of submitting to your Creator. [4.29]
8. God wants worship in spirit and in truth. How do you do that?  
→ With your heart [4.29]
9. Is worship restricted to a specific location?  
→ No [4.29]



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## **Test 8 - answers**

Lesson 8: Personal evangelism  
Subject material: Chapter 4 §4.30-4.33

1. Who has to witness?  
→ Every Christian is called to witness [4.30]
2. What other terms are used for preaching the Gospel?  
→ Speaking, proclaiming and explaining [4.30]
3. How do most people become believers?  
→ Most people become believers did so because one of their relatives, friends or acquaintances witnessed to them. [4.30]
4. What distinguishes a person to be a witness of Jesus?  
→ A witness of Jesus is someone who acknowledges Him as the Son of God and does not deny Him. [4.31]
5. Why is it so important to explain the Gospel clearly?  
→ So that people have a fair chance to make a decision. [4.31]
6. Give three different ways we can spread the Gospel.  
→ - Personally, among relatives, friends, acquaintances or colleagues  
- Door to door  
- On the street [4.32]
7. Who is rejected when a person does not accept the Gospel?  
→ Jesus [4.33]
8. What is certain in evangelism?  
→ He who perseveres, wins! [4.34]